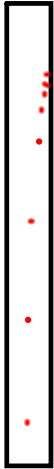


Homework for Thursday 9/13  
 P. 74 # 44, 45 and P. 82 # 97, 100, 101

Earth's  $a = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$   
 "g"

44. A student drops a tennis ball from a window 3.5 m above the sidewalk. How fast is it moving when it hits the sidewalk?



$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$v_f^2 = 0 + 2\left(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)(3.5 m)$$

$$v_f = 8.3 m/s$$

**HAPPY LAND**

45. A student throws a tennis ball straight up with an initial speed of 22.5 m/s. It is caught at exactly the same distance above the ground.

a.) How high does the ball rise?  
 b.) How long does the ball remain in the air?

$v_i = 22.5 m/s$   
 $v_f = 0 m/s$   
 $a = -9.8 m/s^2$   
 $d = ?$

$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$   
 $0^2 = (22.5 \frac{m}{s})^2 + 2(-9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})(d)$   
 $d = 25.8 m$  high

How long in the air?  
 $d_y = v_{iy}t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$  (distance formula)  
 $0 = 22.5 \frac{m}{s}t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})t^2$   
 $0 = 22.5t - 4.9t^2$   
 $4.9t^2 = 22.5t$   
 $t = \frac{22.5 m/s}{4.9 m/s^2} = 4.6 s$

97. Suppose an astronaut drops a feather from 1.2 m above the surface of the Moon. If the acceleration due to gravity is  $1.62 \text{ m/s}^2$  downward, how long does it take the feather to hit the Moon's surface?



$$d_y = -1.2 \text{ m} \quad a = -1.62 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_{iy} = 0 \text{ m/s} \quad t = ?$$

$$d_y = \cancel{v_{iy}t} + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$d_y = \frac{1}{2}at^2 \Rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{2d}{a}}$$

$$\textcircled{1.2 \text{ s}} = t = \sqrt{\frac{2(-1.2 \text{ m})}{-1.62 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

100. You throw a ball downward from a window at a speed of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}$ . How fast will it be moving when it hits the sidewalk  $2.5 \text{ m}$  below?

101. If you throw the ball upward with an initial velocity of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}$  (from previous problem) how fast will it be moving when it hits the sidewalk  $2.5 \text{ m}$  below?